



Southwest Power Pool Disturbance Performance Requirements

Revision 3.0

July 21, 2016

Revision History

Version Number	Author	Change Description	Comments
1.0 (1/13/2013)	Transient Stability Task Force	First draft	TWG approval of Rotor Angle Damping
1.1 (7/31/2013)	Transmission Working Group	Approval of entire document	Approval of both Rotor Angle Damping and Transient Voltage requirements and addressed items regarding SPPR figure.
2.0 (12/15/2015)	Transmission Working Group	Revision to Transient Voltage Requirements	Addition of 2.5 seconds delay of looking at voltage being above 0.7 p.u.
3.0 (7/21/2016)	Dynamic Load Task Force	Revision to Rotor Angle Damping Requirements	Edited verbiage to clarify rotor angle requirements.

Southwest Power Pool Disturbance Performance Requirements

OVERVIEW

These Disturbance Performance Requirements (“Requirements”) shall be applicable to the Bulk Electric System within the Southwest Power Pool Planning Area. Utilization of these Requirements applies to all registered entities within the Southwest Power Pool Planning Area. These Requirements shall not be applicable to facilities that are not part of Bulk Electric System. More stringent Requirements are at the sole discretion of each Transmission Planner.

Transient and dynamic stability assessments are generally performed to assure adequate avoidance of loss of generator synchronism and prevention of system voltage collapse within the first 20 seconds after a system disturbance. These Requirements provide a basis for evaluating the system response during the initial transient period following a disturbance on the Bulk Electric System by establishing minimum requirements for machine rotor angle damping and transient voltage recovery.

ROTOR ANGLE DAMPING REQUIREMENT

Machine Rotor Angles shall exhibit well damped angular oscillations following a disturbance on the Bulk Electric System for all NERC TPL-001-4 P1 through P7 events.

Machines with rotor angle deviations greater than or equal to 16 degrees (measured as absolute maximum peak to absolute minimum peak) shall be evaluated against SPPR1 or SPPR5 requirements below. Machines with rotor angle deviations less than 16 degrees which do not exhibit convergence shall be evaluated on an individual basis. Rotor angle deviations will be calculated relative to the system swing machine.

Well damped angular oscillations shall meet one of the following two requirements when calculated directly from the rotor angle:

1. Successive Positive Peak Ratio One (SPPR1) must be less than or equal to 0.95 where SPPR1 is calculated as follows:

$$\text{SPPR1} = \frac{\text{Peak Rotor Angle of 2}^{\text{nd}} \text{ Positive Peak minus Minimum Value}}{\text{Peak Rotor Angle of 1}^{\text{st}} \text{ Positive Peak minus Minimum Value}} \leq 0.95$$

-or- Damping Factor % = $(1 - \text{SPPR1}) \times 100\% \geq 5\%$

The machine rotor angle damping ratio may be determined by appropriate modal analysis (i.e. Prony Analysis) where the following equivalent requirement must be met:

$$\text{Damping Ratio} \geq 0.0081633$$

2. Successive Positive Peak Ratio Five (SPPR5) must be less than or equal to 0.774 where SPPR5 is calculated as follows:

$$\text{SPPR5} = \frac{\text{Peak Rotor Angle of 6}^{\text{th}} \text{ Positive Peak minus Minimum Value}}{\text{Peak Rotor Angle of 1}^{\text{st}} \text{ Positive Peak minus Minimum Value}} \leq 0.774$$

-or- Damping Factor % = $(1 - \text{SPPR5}) \times 100\% \geq 22.6\%$

The machine rotor angle damping ratio may be determined by appropriate modal analysis (i.e. Prony Analysis) where the following equivalent requirement must be met:

$$\text{Damping Ratio} \geq 0.0081633$$

Qualitatively, these Requirements are shown in Figure 1 & 2 below.

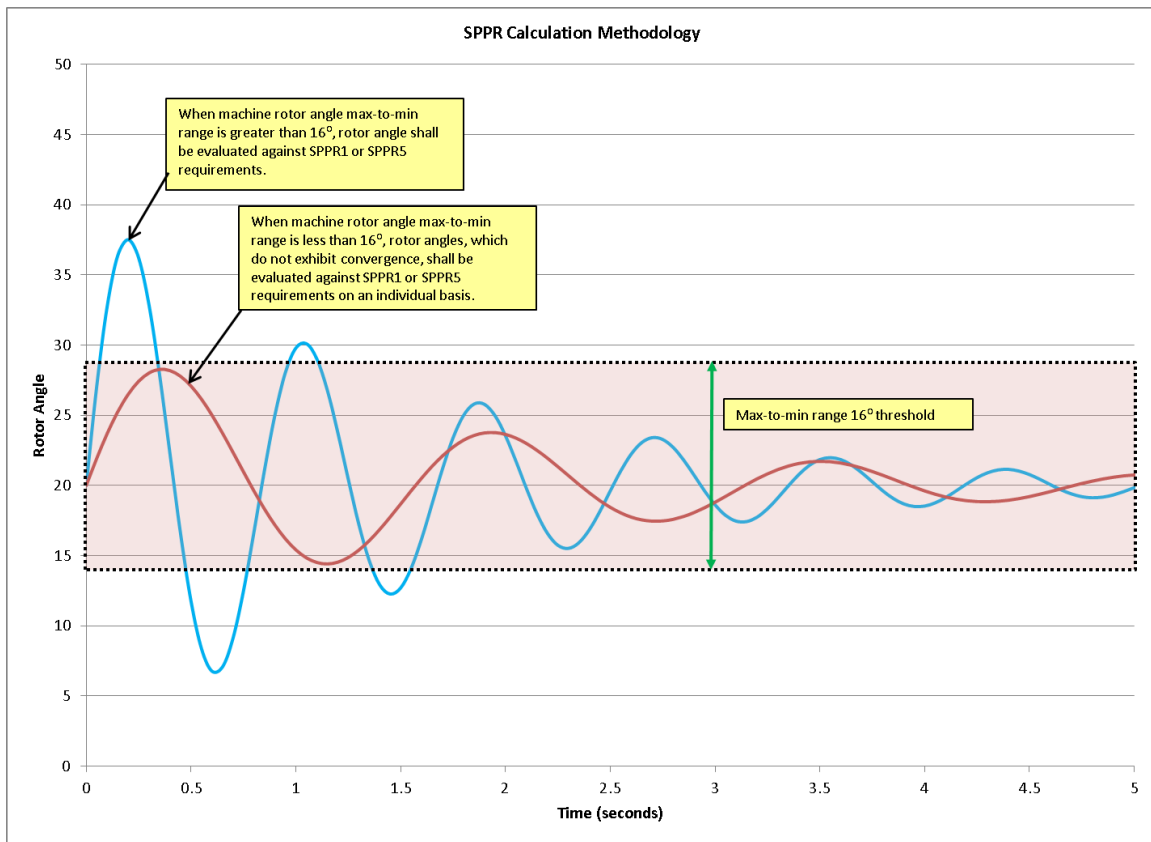


Figure 1. Applicability of 16 Degree Threshold

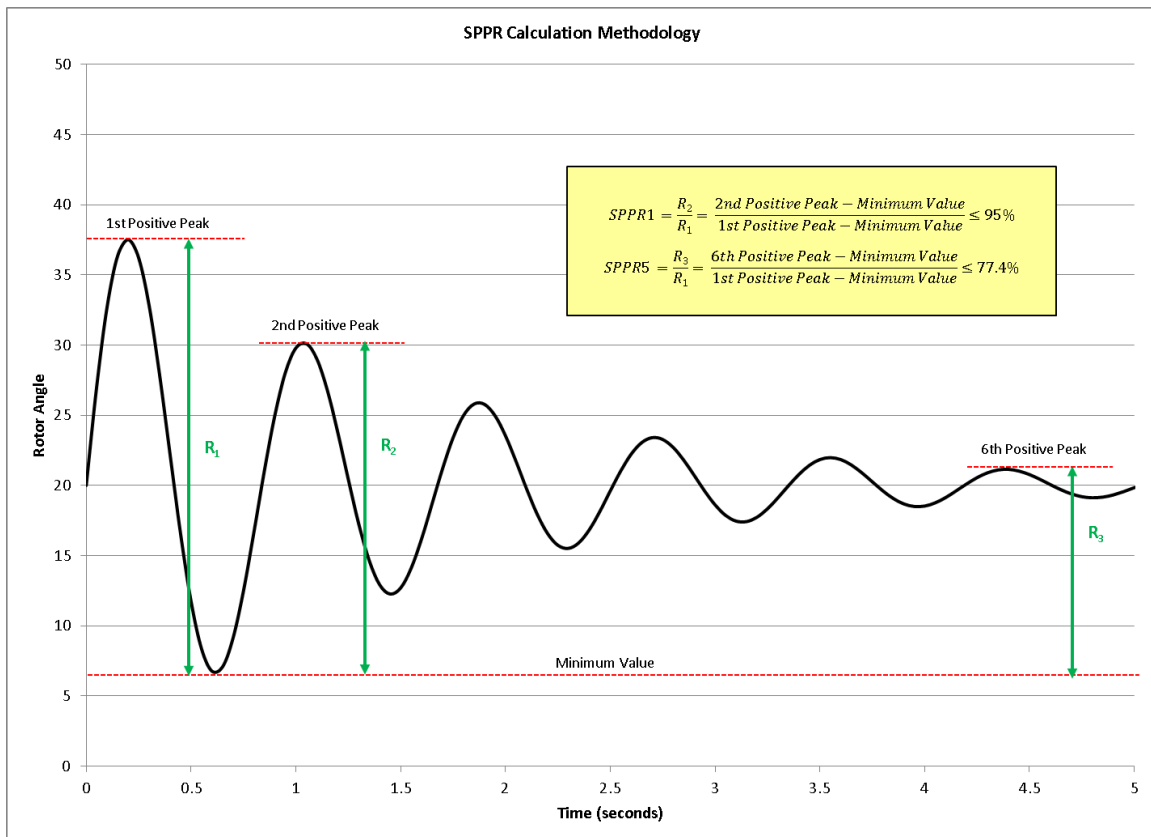


Figure 2. SPPR1 and SPPR5 Calculations

TRANSIENT VOLTAGE RECOVERY REQUIREMENT

Bus voltages on the Bulk Electric System shall recover above 0.70 per unit, 2.5 seconds after the fault is cleared. Bus voltages shall not swing above 1.20 per unit after the fault is cleared, unless affected transmission system elements are designed to handle the rise above 1.2 per unit.

Qualitatively, this Requirement is shown in Figure 3 below.

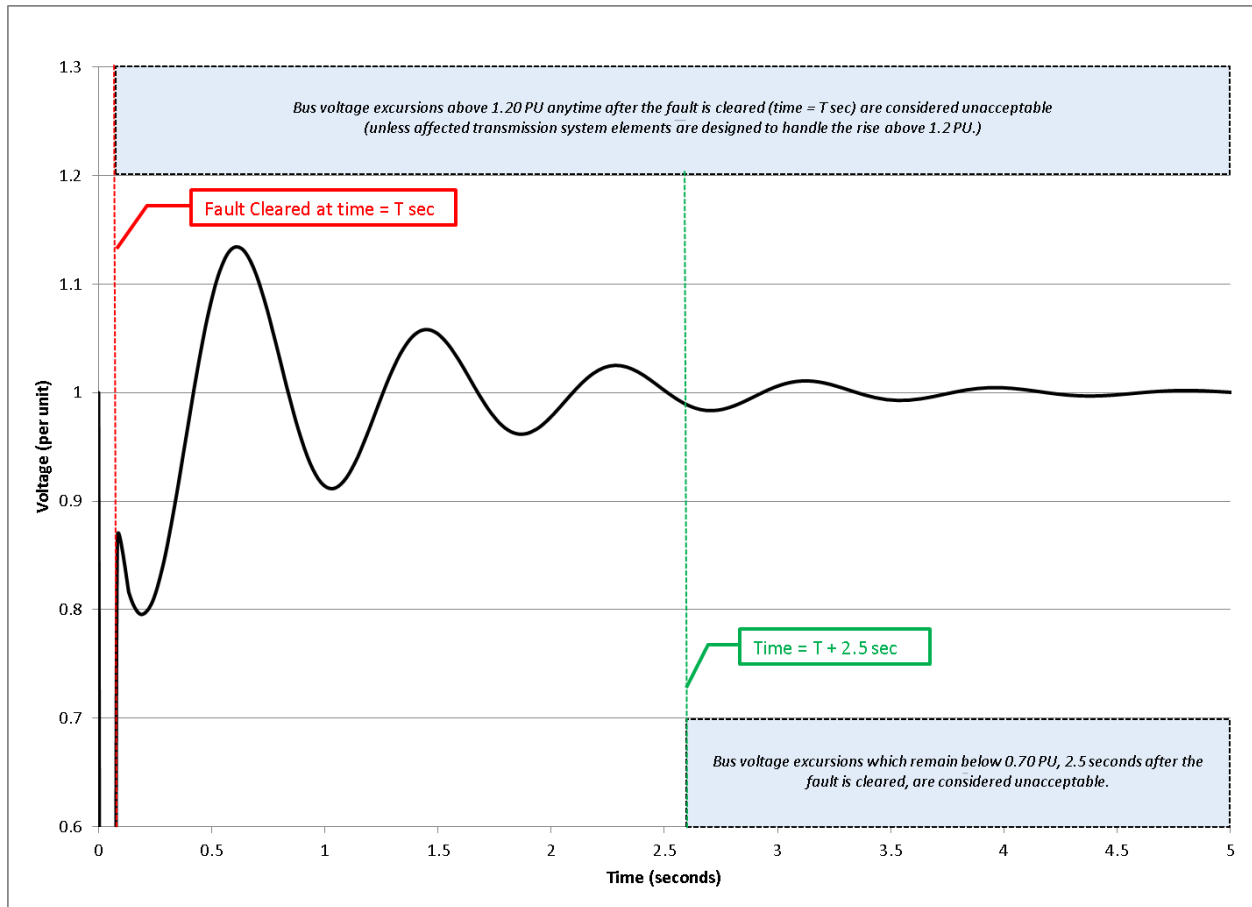


Figure 3. Transient Voltage Recovery Requirement